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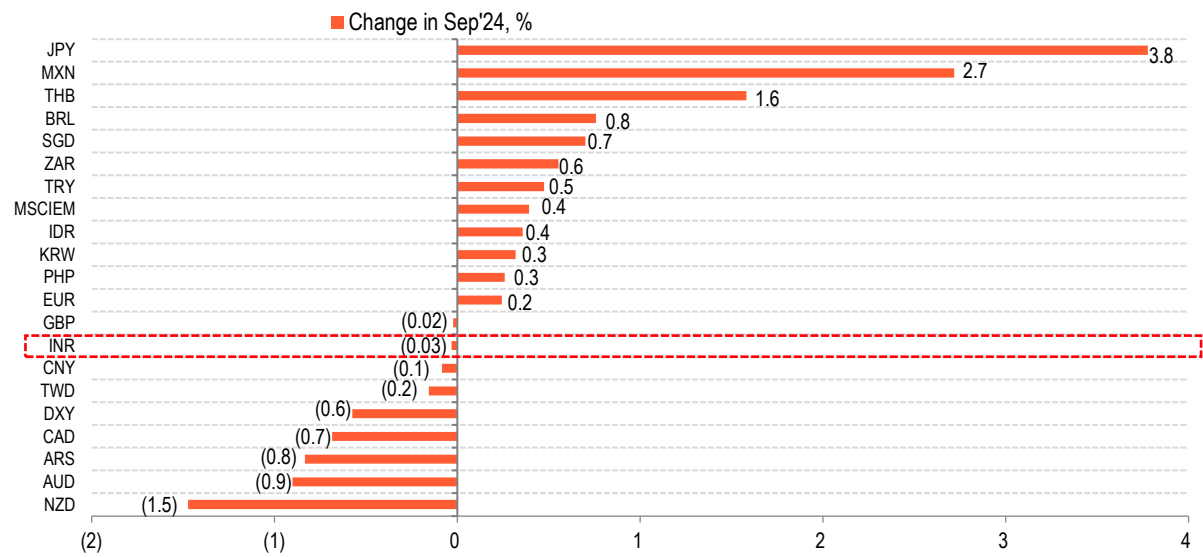
## **Currency update**

*INR was broadly stable as it was down by only 0.03% in the first fortnight of Sep'24, following 0.2% decline in Aug'24, to currently trade at 83.90/\$, bouncing back from its lifetime low of 83.98/\$. In the 1<sup>st</sup> week of Sep'24, US\$ dollar fell more sharply than in the 2<sup>nd</sup> week. US macro data is providing a mixed picture of the economy, with headline CPI tracking the expected path, but core CPI springing an upside surprise. Labour market is also so far signalling a moderate slowdown. This has kept the investors guessing the quantum of Fed rate cut in the meeting later this week. Towards the end of the fortnight, market participants revived their bets on a supersized rate cut (50bps) by Fed in Sep'24, thus leading to revival in weakness of US\$. As a result, INR traded in the range of 83.90-83.98/\$. Its performance was helped by robust FPI inflows (both equity and debt segment) and steep decline in oil prices (MoM basis). Continued dollar demand by importers offset any significant gains made by the currency. In the next fortnight, we expect movement in INR to remain range bound. Domestic currency is expected to benefit from renewed FPI inflows and weak oil prices. However, any hawkish surprise in the tone of Fed's policy statement may support the US\$. Further, any escalation in geo-political tensions in the Middle East will also impact oil prices and also increase the demand for safe haven currencies, thus adversely impacting INR. We thus expect INR to trade in the range of 83.8-83.9/\$.*

### **Movement in global currencies in Sep'24**

In the first fortnight of Sep'24, major global currencies continued to appreciate against the dollar. The movement in global currencies was led by ongoing weakness in dollar. DXY index, measuring the dollar's value against a basket of currencies was 0.6% lower in Sep'24 so far (till 13 Sep), following 2.3% decline in Aug'24. While DXY index fell by (-) 0.5% in the 1<sup>st</sup> week, it regained some ground in the early part of 2<sup>nd</sup> week but closed the week (-) 0.1% lower. This was due to revival in dollar weakness, as analysts expect that a possibility of 50bps rate cut by Fed in Sep'24 meeting still remains. Earlier in the month, US reported mixed macro data points. On one hand, headline CPI has come in line with market expectations (0.2% in Aug'24 unchanged from last month), initial jobless claims were seen rising (230k for week ending 7 Sep versus 228k), and non-farm payrolls rose (142k in Aug'24) much less than expected (165k). On the other hand, core CPI sprung a surprise and rose by 0.3% (est.: 0.2%) and even headline PPI inched up (0.2% versus 0.1%). These developments have kept the markets largely guessing whether Fed will opt for a 25bps or 50bps cut in the meeting later this week. First Presidential debate between Harris and Trump also played on investor sentiments. Amongst the major currencies, JPY has made most significant gains. There are two key reasons for this. One, the policy divergence between Fed and BoJ continues and second, investors are also holding it as a safe haven, ahead of US presidential elections in Nov'24 and awaiting cues on Fed's rate cut trajectory. Apart from JPY, MSCI-EM index and EUR also gained, while GBP slipped. Weakening economic outlook (unexpected decline in monthly GDP estimate for Jul'24) has worried the investors.

**Figure 1: Movement in global currencies in Sep'24**



Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research | Note: Data as of 13 Sep 2024 | Figures in brackets indicate depreciation against the dollar

### **Performance of rupee**

In contrast to most global currencies which rose against the dollar, INR was broadly stable. In the first fortnight of Sep'24 it was down by only (-) 0.03% compared with (-) 0.2% decline seen in Aug'24, hovering at 83.9/\$, bouncing back from its lifetime low of 83.98/\$. However, INR's performance remains in contrast to the performance of MSCI EM index, which gained 0.4% (+2% in Aug'24) due to dip in DXY index. Notably, amongst the set of 8 currencies, which fell against the US\$, it fell the least along with GBP. New Zealand Dollar (-1.5%) and Australian Dollar (-0.9%) fell the most. Signs of economic slowdown in China have impacted commodity prices and hence the currencies of commodity exporters like New Zealand and Australia. INR has managed to hold ground in Sep'24 so far, supported by robust FPI inflows (US\$ 3.3bn in equity segment alone versus US\$ 873mn in Aug'24) and moderation in oil prices (-9.1% decline in Sep'24 MoM basis). However, continuous dollar demand by importers has offset the gains made, resulting in broadly steady rupee value.

### **Outlook**

Rupee touched its record low level in last few days of the 1<sup>st</sup> fortnight of Sep'24 (83.98/\$), at a time when US\$ was showing some signs of strengthening. However, as dollar began falling once again, following revival in hopes of 50bps rate cut by Fed in the meeting later this week, INR bounced back. In the next fortnight, we believe, that movement in INR is expected to remain range bound. The factors that will continue to support the domestic currency include: weakness in international oil prices and higher FPI inflows. However, downside pressure may arise if Fed springs a surprise in its next policy meeting or the tone of the policy is less dovish than expected. Any escalation in geo-political tensions in the Middle East will also increase upside risks to oil prices and demand for safe haven currencies, thus adding pressure on INR. On balance, we expect INR to trade the range of 83.8-83.9/\$ in the next fortnight.

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