

## BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

12 March 2020

### Favourable outlook on CAD

India's CAD fell to US\$ 1.4bn (0.2% of GDP) in Q3FY20 from US\$ 6.5bn in Q2FY20 (0.9% of GDP) on the back of lower trade deficit. Software receipts were resilient. With sharp increase in FPI inflows in Q3, BoP surplus rose to US\$21.6bn from US\$ 5.1bn in Q2. Outlook on CAD is quite favourable with (-) 29% decline in oil prices in Mar'20. While our base case is CAD of 0.6% in FY21, it assumes oil at US\$ 55/bbl. Lower oil prices may even result in a surplus. This bodes well for INR and we expect it to come back to 70-72 to US\$.

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**CAD narrowed sharply in Q3:** Led by sharp reduction in trade deficit, India's CAD fell to US\$ 1.4bn in Q3FY20 (0.2% of GDP) from US\$ 6.5bn in Q2FY20 (0.9% of GDP). Trade deficit fell to US\$ 34.6bn in Q3 from US\$ 38.1bn in Q2, led by moderation in non-oil imports (muted domestic demand). Merchandise exports rose marginally to US\$ 81.2bn in Q3 compared to US\$ 80bn in Q2 and services (net) receipts increased to US\$ 21.4bn in Q3 from US\$ 20.4bn in Q2. Private transfers (remittances) were up by 8% in Q3. This may see a dip as remittances from Gulf may be muted on the back of large dip in oil prices.

**BoP surplus at US\$ 21.6bn in Q3FY20:** Capital inflows increased to US\$ 22.4bn in Q3 from US\$ 12.3bn in Q2 on the back of higher FDI and FPI inflows. FDI inflows gained pace and rose to US\$ 10bn in Q3 from US\$ 7.9bn in Q2. FPI inflows increased to US\$ 7.8bn from US\$ 2.5bn in Q2. Banking capital outflows continued at an accelerated pace of US\$ 2.3bn in Q3 versus US\$ 1.8bn in Q2. However, FPI inflows have reversed in Q4 to outflows of US\$ 500mn and may increase further as we see risk-off in global markets related to coronavirus.

**Lower oil prices to narrow CAD:** While we will see FPI outflows in Q4, CAD is expected to remain range bound as oil prices have dipped in Mar'20 and non-oil imports will be muted. In fact, we may see a current account surplus in the near-term if non-oil imports continue to slide and oil prices sustain at this level. Our base case is CAD of 0.6% of GDP in FY21 on an average crude price of US\$55/bbl. If prices are materially lower, current account may be in surplus. At the same time, we see FDI and FII inflows gaining pace as a number of strategic sales are lined up next year. The above backdrop is favourable for INR and we see it coming back to 70-72 range to US\$ once risk-off subsides.



FIG 1 – BOP QUARTERLY ACCOUNT

(US\$ bn)	Q3FY19	Q4FY19	Q1FY20	Q2FY20	Q3FY20
<b>Current account</b>	<b>(17.8)</b>	<b>(4.6)</b>	<b>(14.4)</b>	<b>(6.5)</b>	<b>(1.4)</b>
<b>CAD/GDP (%)</b>	<b>(2.7)</b>	<b>(0.7)</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>
Trade balance	(49.3)	(35.2)	(46.2)	(38.1)	(34.6)
- Merchandise exports	83.1	87.4	82.7	80.0	81.2
- Merchandise imports	132.4	122.6	128.9	118.1	115.9
- -Oil imports	38.4	32.4	35.3	29.6	31.4
- -Non-oil imports	94.0	90.2	93.6	88.5	84.5
- Net Services	21.7	21.3	20.1	20.4	21.9
- -Software	19.9	19.9	21.0	21.1	21.5
Transfers	17.4	16.2	18.0	20.0	18.7
Other invisibles	(7.6)	(6.9)	(6.3)	(8.8)	(7.4)
<b>Capital account</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>22.4</b>
<b>% of GDP</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.1</b>
Foreign investments	5.2	15.9	19	10.4	17.8
- FDI	7.3	6.4	14.2	7.9	10.0
- FII	(2.1)	9.4	4.8	2.5	7.8
Banking capital	4.9	(8.1)	3.4	(1.8)	(2.3)
Short-term credit	(0.7)	1.5	2.0	(0.6)	(1.4)
ECBs	2.0	7.5	6.1	3.3	3.2
External assistance	1.7	1.3	1.5	0.4	1.3
Other capital account items	0.7	1.2	(3.8)	0.6	3.7
E&O	(0.3)	(0.4)	0.2	(0.7)	0.7
Overall balance	(4.3)	14.2	14.0	5.1	21.6

Source: CEIC, Bank of Baroda Research

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